# Table Joins in SQL

Fetching data from multiple tables Fetching data in faster way

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# **Joining**

A join is a query that combines rows from two of more tables. In JOIN query more than one table are listed in FROM clause. MySQL provides various type of Joining:

- 1) CROSS JOIN or CARTESIAN PRODUCT
- 2) EQUI-JOIN
- 3) NATURAL JOIN

- It return all possible concatenation of all rows from both table i.e. one row of First table is joined with all the rows of second table.
- Cartesian product join each row of one table with each row of another table. So if –
- First table have 6 rows and second table have 4 rows then total number of rows in output will be  $6 \times 4 = 24$ .
- i.e. Total Number of Rows after Cartesian product(Cardinality) = Cardinality of First Table X Cardinality of Second Table

COLOR	SHADES
RED	LIGHT
GREEN	CYAN
BLUE	SILVER

- Suppose I want a combination of all colors with all shades. In this case Cartesian product or cross join is used.
- For Example
  - Select \* from Shades, Color
- Output will contain 9 rows i.e. no. of rows in first table x no. of rows in second table

```
mysql> select * from color;
  name
  red
  yellow
  green
 rows in set (0.00 sec)
mysql> select * from shades;
  sname
  light
  silver
  golden
3 rows in set (0.01 sec)
```

```
mysql> select * from shades,color;
  sname
           name
 light
           red
  silver
           red
  golden
           red
  light
         | yellow
 silver yellow
 golden | yellow
  light
           green
  silver
           green
  golden
           green
9 rows in set (0.00 sec)
```

```
mysql> select concat(sname,' ',name) from shades,color;
  concat(sname, ' ',name)
 light red
  silver red
  golden red
  light yellow
  silver yellow
  golden yellow
  light green
  silver green
  golden green
9 rows in set (0.00 sec)
mysal>
```

# Equi-join

- The join in which columns are compared for equality is called Equi-Join. A non-equi join specifies condition with non-equality operator. In equi-join we put(\*) in the select list therefore the common column will appear twice in the output.
- To understand the output, lets take 2 table one for employee (contains employee detail with deptno) and another for department contains deptno and other department details.

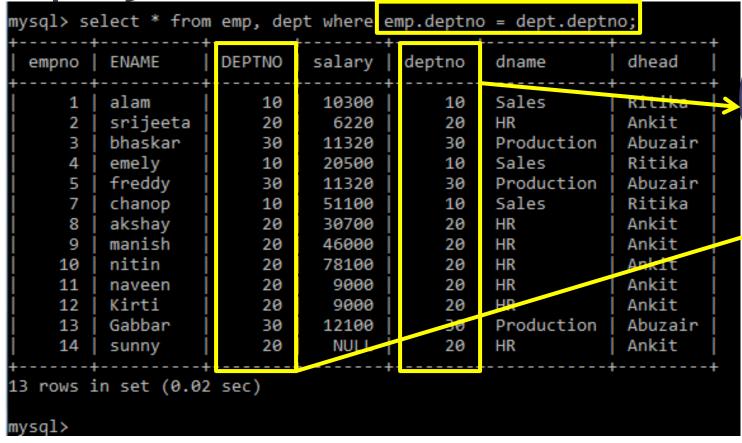
## Equi-join

Now we want to fetch details of employee along with its corresponding matching department. Like for 'alam' deptno is 10 so from dept table it should show deptno 10 details and so on

```
mysql> select * from emp;
  empno
          ENAME
                      DEPTNO
                                salary
          alam
                                 10300
                          10
          srijeeta
                          20
                                  6220
          bhaskar
                          30
                                 11320
          emely
      4
                          10
                                 20500
          freddy
                          30
                                 11320
                                 51100
          chanop
                          10
          akshay
                          20
                                 30700
          manish
                          20
                                46000
     10
          nitin
                          20
                                78100
     11
                          20
                                  9000
          naveen
     12
          Kirti
                          20
                                  9000
     13
          Gabbar
                                 12100
                          30
     14
                          20
                                  NULL
          sunny
13 rows in set (0.03 sec)
mysql> select * from dept;
                         dhead
  deptno
           dname
           Sales
                         Ritika
      10
      20
           HR
                         Ankit
           Production
                         Abuzair
      30
      40
                         Mesha
           IT
 rows in set (0.00 sec)
```

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Equi-join



Common Column appears twice in output

From the above query, we can observe that while doing equi-join we have to give equality condition on common column of both table so that it picks related records

## Equi-join

We can also give Table Alias i.e. nick name for table name and further we can use this name any where in query in place of table name. This is helpful when table name is of big length and we can shorten the query

```
mysql> select * from emp e, dept d where e.deptno = d.deptno;
  empno
          ENAME
                      DEPTNO | salary | deptno
                                                                  dhead
          alam
                           10
                                 10300
                                               10
                                                    Sales
                                                                  Ritika
      1
          srijeeta
                           20
                                   6220
                                               20
                                                    HR
                                                                  Ankit
      3
          bhaskar
                           30
                                 11320
                                               30
                                                    Production
                                                                  Abuzair
      4
          emely
                                 20500
                                                    Sales
                                                                  Ritika
                           10
                                               10
          freddy
                           30
                                 11320
                                               30
                                                    Production
                                                                  Abuzair
          chanop
                           10
                                 51100
                                               10
                                                    Sales
                                                                  Ritika
      8
          akshay
                                 30700
                                                    HR
                                                                  Ankit
                           20
                                               20
          manish
                           20
                                 46000
                                               20
                                                    HR
                                                                  Ankit
     10
          nitin
                           20
                                 78100
                                               20
                                                    HR
                                                                  Ankit
                                                    HR
                                                                  Ankit
     11
          naveen
                           20
                                  9000
                                               20
                                                                  Ankit
     12
          Kirti
                           20
                                  9000
                                               20
                                                    HR
     13
          Gabbar
                                 12100
                                                    Production
                                                                  Abuzair
                           30
                                               30
                                                                  Ankit
     14
          sunny
                           20
                                  NULL
                                               20
                                                    HR
13 rows in set (0.00 sec)
mvsal>
```

### Natural Join

- The JOIN in which only one of the identical columns exists in called Natural Join. It is similar to Equi-join except that duplicate columns are eliminated in Natural join that would otherwise appear in Equi-Join.
- In natural join we specify the names of column to fetch in place of (\*) which is responsible of appearing common column twice in output.

See here, we are not giving \*, like in equi-join but we are giving list of columns to fetch

## Natural Join

mysql> select ename,salary,dhead from emp e,dept d where e.deptno=d.deptno; salary dhead ename Ritika alam 10300 Ankit srijeeta 6220 bhaskar 11320 Abuzair emely 20500 Ritika Abuzair freddy 11320 51100 Ritika chanop akshay 30700 Ankit Ankit manish 46000 nitin 78100 Ankit 9000 Ankit naveen Kirti Ankit 9000 Abuzair Gabbar 12100 Ankit NULL sunny 13 rows in set (0.00 sec)

mysql>

#### Natural Join

```
mysql> select empno,ename,deptno,dname,dhead from emp,dept where
-> emp.deptno=dept.deptno:
ERROR 1052 (23000): Column 'deptno' in field list is ambiguous
mysql> _
```

The reason of this error is — the deptno exists in both the table, so in this case if we are selecting or using only deptno then it becomes ambiguous from which table this deptno will be selected

To resolve this error, just qualify the common column by table name as TableName.column

name

### Natural Join

```
mysql> select empno,ename,emp.deptno,dname,dhead from emp,dept where
    -> emp.deptno=dept.deptno;
                                               dhead
                       deptno |
                                dname
  empno
          ename
                                Sales
          alam
                                               Ritika
                           10
                           20
                                               Ankit
          srijeeta
                                 HR
                           30
                                Production
                                               Abuzair
          bhaskar
          emely
                           10
                                Sales
                                               Ritika
                                Production
          freddy
                           30
                                               Abuzair
                           10
                                Sales
                                               Ritika
          chanop
                           20
          akshay
                                               Ankit
                                 HR
                           20
                                 HR
                                               Ankit
          manish
     10
                           20
          nitin
                                 HR
                                               Ankit
     11
                           20
                                               Ankit
          naveen
                                 HR
     12
                           20
                                               Ankit
          Kirti
                                 HR
          Gabbar
                           30
                                Production
     13
                                               Abuzair
     14
                           20
                                               Ankit
                                 HR
          sunny
13 rows in set (0.00 sec)
mysql>
```

## Additional condition in joins

```
mysql> select empno,ename,emp.deptno,dname,dhead from emp,dept where
    -> emp.deptno=dept.deptno and dname='HR';
                                         dhead
                      deptno
                                dname
  empno
          ename
          srijeeta
                           20
                                         Ankit
                                HR
           akshay
                           20
                                HR
                                         Ankit
                           20
                                         Ankit
          manish
                                HR
     10
                           20
          nitin
                                         Ankit
                                HR
                           20
     11
                                HR
                                         Ankit
          naveen
                           20
     12
          Kirti
                                         Ankit
                                HR
     14
                           20
                                         Ankit
                                HR
          sunny
  rows in set (0.03 sec)
```

# Joining Tables using **JOIN** clause of SQL SELECT

- Till now we have performed joining using traditional SQL method which is common to most of the RDBMS software now we will learn MySQL style of joining using JOIN clause
- MySQL support various options with JOIN
  - CROSS
  - NATURAL
  - ON
  - USING

## Cartesian product using JOIN

Select \* from shades JOIN color;

• Or

Select \* from shades CROSS JOIN color;

## Equi - Join using JOIN

- Select \* from emp JOIN dept ON emp.deptno = dept.deptno;
- Select \* from emp JOIN dept ON emp.deptno = dept.deptno where salary>5000;

## Natural - Join using JOIN

Select \* from emp NATURAL JOIN dept

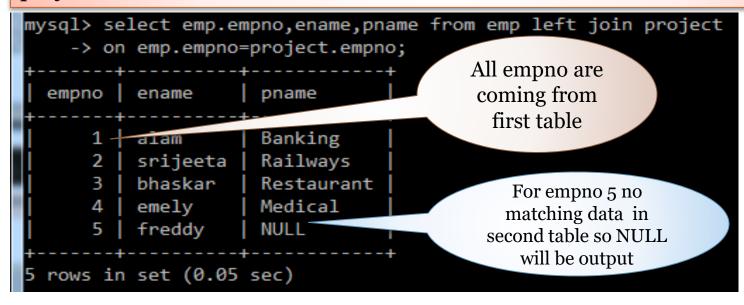
In NATURAL JOIN condition the join condition is not required it automatically joins based on the common column value

### **LEFT JOIN**

• When using LEFT JOIN all rows from first table i.e. left hand side table will be returned whether there are matches in second table or not. For the rows whose matching values are not found in second table it will display NULL value.

```
mysql> select * from emp;
          ENAME
                     DEPTNO |
                               salary
  empno |
          alam
                          10
                                10300
          srijeeta
                          20
                                 6220
          bhaskar
                          30
                                11320
          emely
                                20500
                          10
          freddy
                          30
                                11320
 rows in set (0.00 sec)
```

Suppose we want to Select Empno, Name and Pname from both table, and we want all the employee record must come whether employee is working on a project or not.



#### **RIGHTJOIN**

• When using RIGHT JOIN all rows from second table i.e. right hand side table will be returned whether there are matches in first table or not. For the rows whose matching values are not found in first table it will display NULL value.

```
mysql> select * from emp;
  empno | ENAME
                     DEPTNO
                              salary
         alam
                         10
                               10300
         srijeeta
                                6220
                         20
         bhaskar
                         30
                               11320
         emely
                         10
                               20500
         freddy
                         30
                               11320
5 rows in set (0.00 sec)
```

```
mysql> selectima vermon (p)rojecte; a sachin bhardwaj, pct(cs), kv no.i tezpur |
| pid | pname | empno |
| 1 | Banking | 1 |
| 2 | Railways | 2 |
| 3 | Restaurant | 3 |
| 4 | Medical | 4 |
| tows in set (0.00 sec)
```

Suppose we want to Select pid, pname and ename from both table, and we want all the employee name record must come whether employee is working on a project or not.

```
mysql> select pid,pname,ename from project right join emp on
    -> emp.empno=project.empno;
  pid
         pname
                      ename
         Banking
                      alam
         Railways
                      srijeeta
                      bhaskar
         Restaurant |
         Medical
                      emely
  NULL I
                      freddy
         NULL
 rows in set (0.00 sec)
```